Introduction to NT Books Dr. Thomas M. Strouse

XII. The Book of I Thessalonians

A. The Authorship of I Thessalonians

1. External Evidence— Church fathers such as Marcion, Irenaeus, and Tertullian attested to the Pauline authorship.

2. Internal Evidence—the author called himself Paul in 1:1 and 2:18.

B. The Date of I Thessalonians

1. Early in his second missionary journey (after AD 49), Paul started the church at Thessalonica.

2. He was forced to leave after 3 weeks and wrote back to the church sometime within in a year of its beginning (AD 50-51).

C. The Origin and Destination of I Thessalonians

1. Paul responded to the Macedonian call to go westward, and started a church in Philippi and then Thessalonica (Act 16-17).

2. He quickly left and received news from Timothy that the church flourished, and he continued his instruction about eschatology through this Epistle from Corinth.

D. The Purpose of I Thessalonians

1. He wanted to praise the assembly for its growth.

2. Paul dealt with details concerning the coming of Christ, and church life in light of the 2^{nd} Advent.

E. The Characteristics of I Thessalonians

1. The Book may be outlined around I Thess. 1:3:

a. Faith in the Thessalonians' Past (2:1-12)

b. Love in the Thessalonians' Present (2:13-4:12)

c. Hope in the Thessalonians' Prospects (4:13-5:11)

2. Church members included Jason, Aristarchus, Secundus, and Demas.

3. The church had a testimony throughout Macedonia (1:8).

4. They received Paul's preaching and later writing as the word of God (2:13).

5. The church's spirituality gave Paul great joy (3:9 ff.).

6. He warned them about the temptation of fornication, and how the act despises the Spirit who forbids it (4:3-8).

7. He gave details about the "catching away" (ἀρπάζω *harpazo*)¹ of believers (4:13-18):

- a. Those deceased Christians will be resurrected before living Christians;
- b. All those *"in Christ"* will be raptured;²
- c. The Lord Jesus Himself will come for His believers;
- d. Paul had the expectation that he would be raptured;

e. The message of the Rapture is the message of comfort, as Paul called it elsewhere *"that Blessed Hope"* (Tit. 2:13).

f. The Rapture will precede the Day of the Lord which will include the Tribulation and Millennium (5:1-11; cf. Zech. 14:1 ff.); therefore the Rapture is "pre-Tribulation."

8. Paul instructed the assembly about proper care for the overseer (5:12-13).

9.He gave detailed teaching about behavior in the assembly services (5:16-22).

¹The Latin verb *rapiemur* is the root to the theological term "Rapture."

²There will be *NO* Baptist Rapture of some sort of a Baptist Bride!